

s'í:wes' 11 Li te Lá:lém

At Home

Sqwá:I

émetáwt bathroom, [pl. émetáwtxw]

hókwex 1. to use, 2. to wear [-ing hó:kwex]

kw'as that you kw'es that that I that

lá:ts'éwtxwem to visit [-ing làlets'éwtxwem]

skw'á:y can't, can't be, impossible [also pronounced kw'á:y]

skwetáxw inside

steqtá:l door [also pronounced teqtá:l.] [pl. stéqteqtá:l] ta'á'altha me, I [also pronounced ta'áltha, te'á'althe]

tewát who

tl'ó it is, he is, she is

tloqá:ys now

Sqwéltel

1. Kwókwexwels the Máli li te steqtá:l. *Mary is knocking at the door.*

2. Kwetxwi:lem the Máli.

Mary comes inside.

3. Li ew iyólem kw'els lám?

Is it okay if I go?

4. Iyólem kw'as lám.

You can go.

⁵⁴ For 'come inside', you can say me kwetxwí:lem, as in the texts for this lesson. Me (a reduced form of mi) means 'come'.

5. Skw'á:y kw'els hókwex te émetáwtxw. *I can't use the bathroom.*

Qwú:lqwelqweltel 11A

A. Tewát kw'e kwókwexwels?

Who is knocking?

B. Tl'ó ta'á'althe. Li ew iyólem kw'els me kwetxwí:lem?

It's me. Is it okay if I come in?

A. Á:'a. lyólem kw'as me kwetxwí:lem.

Yes. You can come in.

Éy kw'ase me lá:ts'ewtxwem!

It's good that you came to visit!

Qwú:lqwelqweltel 11B

A. Tewát kw'e kwókwexwels?

Who is knocking?

B. Tl'ó ta'á'altha. Li ew iyólem kw'els hókwex ta' émetáwtxw? It's me. Can I use your bathroom?

Michxw kwetxwí:lem! Qe skw'á:y kw'as hókwex tel émetáwtxw.

Come in! But you can't use my bathroom.

Skwetáxw the Su li te émetáwtxw tlogá:ys.

Sue is inside the bathroom now.

Vocabulary Patterns

Kw'els

Α.

The Halq'eméylem word kw'els usually means *that I*. Some examples of how kw'els is used to form sentences are shown in (1).

- (1) (a) Skw'á:y kw'els lám. impossible that I go = It is impossible that I go.
 - (b) Éy kw'els lám.

 Good that I go

 =It is good that I go.

In certain contexts it will sound more natural to translate kw'els as if I, and this is also a correct translation for kw'els. For example:

(2) (a) Lí iyólem kw'els lám?

Is-it okay that I go?

=It is okay if I go?

Kw'as

The Halq'eméylem word kw'as usually means *that you*. Some examples of how kw'as is used to form sentences are shown in (1).

- (1) (a) Skw'á:y kw'as lám. impossible that you go = It is impossible that you go.
 - (b) Éy kw'as lám.

 Good that you go

 =It is good that you go.

Similar to what we discussed with kw'els, kw'as can sometimes also be translated as *if you* (for example, Li iyólem kw'as lám? = *Is it okay if you go?*)