

- <**s'ímex**>, dnom //s=ʔím=əxʲ//, ABFC /'gait, a walk'/, (<s=> nominalizer), syntactic analysis: nominal, (semological comment: note minimal contrast with shxw'ímex), attested by Elders Group 5/3/78; example: <**xwáyq'esem s'ímex**>, //xʷéyqʷ=ə́s=ə́m s=ʔím=əxʲ//, /'a wobbly walk'/.
- <**shxw'ímex**>, dnom //s=xʷ=ʔím=əxʲ or sxʷ=ʔím=əxʲ//, TVMO /'what one walks on (trail, board sidewalk, cement sidewalk, etc.)'/, MC, ACL /'board sidewalk, cement sidewalk'/, (<s=> nominalizer, xw= (from the minimal contrast several glosses are possible; since s= nominalizes, the gloss for xw= need not be nominalizing necessarily) used for and man-made are both possible), syntactic analysis: nominal, attested by AD, NP.
- <**ímexósem**>, mdls //ʔím=əxʲ=ás=ə́m//, TVMO /'go for a walk, take a stroll, stroll'/, lx <=ós> face, (<=em> middle voice), literally /'walk one's face (or walk oneself in a circle, walk oneself around)'/, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by AC, EB, NP, AD; example: <**latst ímexósem**>, //lɛ-c-t ʔím=əxʲ=ás=ə́m//, /'We're going to go for a walk.'/, attested by EB.
- <**ts'lhímexóstel**>, rcps //cʰ=ʔím=əxʲ=ás=T-əl//, SOC /'go with each other (romantically), go for a walk with each other (romantically)'/, TVMO, literally /'going for a walk close to/next to each other'/, lx <ts'lh=> probably close to, next to, (<=tel> purposeful control reciprocal), syntactic analysis: nominal, transitive verb??; example: <**tl'ó yewá:lelh ts'lhímexóstels**>, //ě'á yəwɛ-l-əʔ cʰ=ím=əxʲ=ás=T-əl-s//, /'That's the first one he was going with (romantically)'/, literally /'that's the one was first/before his going for a walk close to each other'/, grammatical analysis: demonstrative verb adverb/adverbial verb-pasx rcps-possessive pronoun affix3, attested by MV, <**le'ówelh láts' te ts'lhímexóstels**>, //lə-ʔáwəʔ léc' tə cʰ=ʔím=əxʲ=ás=T-əl-s//, /'He went (romantically) with a different girl., He went (to walk) (romantically) with a different girl.'/, attested by MV.
- <**ímet**>, pcs //ʔím=əT//, ABFC /'step on s-th, step on it'/, (<=et> purposeful control transitivizer), syntactic analysis: transitive verb, attested by CT, HT, AC, RG & EH (4/9/99 Ling332); found in <**ímetlha**>, //ʔím=əT-ʔɛ//, /'Step on it.'/, attested by AC; example: <**le ímet kw'es le tl'pí:lx**>, //lə ʔím=əT kʷ-əs lə ɛ'p=í:l=xʲ//, /'He stepped on it to press it down.'/, attested by CT, HT.
- <**ómeléxw**>, ncs //ʔi[=Aá=]m=l-əxʷ//, ABFC ['step on it accidentally'], (<o-ablaut> derivational), (<=l-exw> non-control transitivizer), phonology: ablaut, epenthesis (e inserted between resonants m and l), syntactic analysis: transitive verb; found in <**ómeléxwes**>, //ʔi[=Aa=]m=l-əxʷ-əs//, /'He stepped on it (accidentally)'/, attested by Elders Group at Fish Camp 7/11/78.
- <=**ímeltxw**>, da //ím=əl(=)txʷ//, N /'male name, (prob.) repeatedly gets wives/houses'/, possibly <=ím> repeatedly, possibly <=el> go, come, get, become, possibly <=eltxw> wives, houses, syntactic analysis: lexical suffix, derivational suffix, also <=eltxw>, //ə́l(=)txʷ//, also /'male name, (prob.) wives, houses'/; found in <**Swelímeltxw**>, //swəlím=ə́ltxʷ//, /'Indian name of Ed Leon Sr. (of Chehalis, B.C.)'/.
- <**ímet**>, ABFC /'step on s-th, step on it'/, see ím.
- <**í:meth**>, free root //ʔí-mə̀//, KIN /'grandchild, grandchild of sibling, grandchild of cousin (esp. in the old days)'/, syntactic analysis: noun, nominal, other sources: ES /ʔí-mə̀/ grandchild, attested by AC, BJ, Elders Group.
- <**em'í:meth**>, pln //C₁əC₂-ʔí-mə̀//, KIN ['grandchildren'], (<R3-> plural (many)), phonology: reduplication, syntactic analysis: noun, nominal; found in <**em'í:meths**>, //ʔəm-ʔí-mə̀-ə́s//, /'his grandchildren'/, attested by AC.
- <**ímex ~ (rare) ímex**>, TVMO ['walk'], see ím.
- <**í:mex**>, TVMO ['walking'], see ím.