

analysis: nominal, attested by EB.

<**lílem**>, dmn //C₁í=lém//, BLDG /'little house, cabin (say 12 ft. x 10 ft. or less), small home, storage house (small shed-like house, enclosed with door), outhouse (slang), toilet (slang)'/, (<**R4**=> diminutive), phonology: reduplication, syntactic analysis: nominal, noun, attested by AC, Elders Group (3/15/72, 6/1/77).

<**slálem áhqey**>, cpds //s=lé·[=C₁ə=]m ʔé†qəy//, EZ /'turtle'//, lit. /'snake with a house, housed snake'/, <**s**=> stative, <=**R1**=> resultative, semantic comment: this takes the verbal root <lá:m> (prob. meaning *to house*) and forms a *stative resultative* on it (strs) to show that the *turtle* is a *snake that is housed* or a *snake with a house*, attested by RG & EH (4/10/99 Ling332)

<làlets'éwtxwem>, SOC ['be visiting'], see láts'.

<**lale'úlem**>, mdls //lélə(=)ʔúl=əm//, EFAM /'generalize, reminisce'/, possibly <**R8**= or =**R1**=> uncertain form and function, <=(?)éw(ə)l> on the inside, in the mind, (<=**em**> middle voice), phonology: reduplication, phonology: the /ú/ is unusual and since the form was obtained at Deming could be Nooksack influence (or a Nooksack form) though identified by both speakers as Halkomelem, comment: EF was one of the last partial speakers of Nooksack, MV is the daughter of the last fluent speaker of Nooksack (though very fluent in Halkomelem and not a speaker of Nooksack), syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by EF, MV (both at Deming 4/27/78), Salish cognate: Lushootseed /lələʔúləb/ *recite the history of a people* H76:271.

<**lálwes**>, possibly root //lélwəs//, BLDG /'platform (in house, etc.), bed platform, platform in bottom of canoe, flooring (the planks)'/, syntactic analysis: nominal, noun, attested by Elders Group (5/3/78), SP (Elders Group 3/72), AD, LG, other sources: ES /lélwəs/ (CwMs /lé-lʔwəs/) *bed platform*, Salish cognate: Squamish /yáyʔwas/ *bed platform* K67:382, also <lál'wes>, //lélʔwəs//, /'platform, bed'/, dialect: *Matsqui* attested by AH, example: <kw'íles ta' lál'wes>, //k'wíl=əs t-εʔ lélʔwəs//, /'How much (money) is your bed?'/, attested by AH, <qelés te (lálwes, lhxeyléptel)>, //qəl=és tə (lélwəs, †x=íl=ép=təl)//, /'The floor is dirty.'/, attested by Elders Group (3/72).

<lám>, TVMO /'go, go to, going, going to, go(ing) to (in future), be gone'/, see la.

<lám>, free root //lém//, FOOD /'liquor, rum'/, borrowed from Chinook Jargon /lém/ *alcohol, rum, whiskey, spirits* Johnson 1978:256, syntactic analysis: nominal, noun.

<**lamáwtxw**>, ds //lém=éwtx^w//, BLDG /'liquor store, beer parlor (AC)'/, lx <=**áwtxw**> *building, house*, syntactic analysis: nominal, noun, attested by Elders Group, EB, also <**lamá:wtxw**>, //lém=é·wtx^w//, also /'beer parlor'/, attested by AC.

<**shxwlamá:lá**>, ds //sx^w=lém=é·lé//, HHG ['bottle'], literally /'something that is a container of liquor'/, (<**shxw**=> *nominalizer, something that is*), lx <=**á:lá ~ =ále**> *container of*, syntactic analysis: nominal, attested by CT, HT, also <**shxwlamále**>, //sx^w=lém=é·lə//, attested by Elders Group, example: <**tsméth' shxwlamá:lá**>, //c=móè' sx^w=lém=é·lé//, /'It's a blue bottle.'/, attested by CT, HT.

<**lamélwelh**>, df //lém=əlwə†//, EZ ['canvas-back duck'], ['*Aythya valisineria*'], probably root <**lam**> *rum* from the brown rum color on the sides of their wings, <=**élwelh**> *on the side (of the body)*, syntactic analysis: nominal, noun, attested by Elders Group (6/4/75), also <**lemélwélh**>, //lém=əlwə†//, attested by Elders Group (2/18/76).

<lá:m>, bound root //lé·m//, possibly same as root that means *go* (since Indian doctors/shamans go repeatedly to the spirit world to communicate with spirits) or poss. *function as shaman*

<**slá:m**>, df //s=lé·m//, IDOC ['spirit power of an Indian doctor or shaman'], ASM ['example, thunderbird; the Indian doctor's power takes the longest quest, is often the most dangerous of spirits,