

demonstrative article(the) nominal(cloud), /'The cloud is getting black. ~ The clouds are getting black./, attested by SJ, MC, MV, LG, <le q'íxel te shxw'áthetel.>, //lə q'íx=əl tə sx<sup>w</sup>=èé[=M1=]t=əl//, /'The clouds got black./, attested by AC (10/13/71).

<thátkwem>, iza //èétk<sup>w</sup>=əm//, TCH /'to tingle (like arm waking up from numbness), (have/get a stinging feeling)', (<=em> have, get, intransitivizer), syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by BHTTC.

<tháthelme>, EFAM ['admiring s-o/s-th'], see thélmet.

<tháthiyel> or <thath> or <thay>, possible bound root or stem //èéè(=)iy(=)əl or èé[=C<sub>1</sub>ə=]y(=)əl//, root meaning uncertain

<stháthiyel>, df //s=èé[=C<sub>1</sub>ə=]y(=)əl//, ANA ['blood'], (<s=> nominalizer), probably <=R1=> resultative or continuative, probably <=el> go, come, get, become, phonology: reduplication, e → i before y, syntactic analysis: nominal, attested by AC, BJ (12/5/64), DM (12/4/64), Elders Group (3/1/72), other sources: ES /sèèèiyəl/ blood, example: <tháthiyels te sth'óqwi>, //èé[=C<sub>1</sub>ə=]y=əl-s tə s=è'áq<sup>w</sup>(=)i//, /'fish's blood', syntactic comment: the dropping of the nominalizer is part of the same inalienable possession construction found with other body parts, that is, the nominalizer is dropped when the body part is inflected with a possessive affix, attested by Elders Group (4/28/76).

<tháxt>, ABFC ['pushing s-o/s-th'], see théx.

<tháyelets>, df //èéy=ələc or èi[=Aé=]y=ələc//, CAN ['steer a canoe'], literally (possibly) /'fixing the stern', probably root <thiy> fix, make, probably <á-ablaut> continuative, probably <=elets> on the bottom, stern (of canoe/boat), phonology: probable ablaut, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by Elders Group (3/26/75).

<tháyeletstel>, ds //èi[=Aé=]y=ələc=təl//, CAN ['rudder'], literally /'device to steer a canoe', lx <=tel> device to, something to, phonology: probable ablaut, syntactic analysis: nominal, dialects: Cheh., attested by Elders Group (4/28/76).

<shxwtháyelets>, ds //sx<sup>w</sup>=èi[=Aé=]y=ələc//, CAN ['rudder'], literally /'something for steering a canoe', (<shxw=> something for), phonology: probable ablaut, syntactic analysis: nomo, dialects: Tait, attested by Elders Group (4/28/76).

<tháyeletstel>, CAN ['rudder'], see tháyelets.

<tháyelhtset>, MC /'making it for s-o, fixing it for s-o', see tháy.

<thá:yém>, FOOD ['baking (bread esp.)'], see tháy.

<thá:yt>, MC /'fixing s-th, making s-th', see tháy.

<the>, free root //èə//, DEM /'the (female, present and visible), the (female, unspecified presence and/or unspecified visibility)', syntactic analysis: demonstrative article, attested by AC, Deming (5/25/78), Elders Group, others, example: <máyt the slháli>, //méy=T èə s=éí(=)i//, /'help the woman', attested by AC, <thel tál>, //èə-l təl//, /'my mother', attested by AC, <tha tál>, //è-ε təl//, /'your mother', attested by AC, <theló slháli>, //èə=lá s=éí(=)i//, /'this woman', attested by AC, <the (sí:le, sts'ó:meqw, méla, álex, slets'ôwiyelh, sétl'átel, skw'ílhew, syá:tel)>, //èə (sí:lə, s=c'á-m(=)əq<sup>w</sup>, məl(=)ε, ʔéləx<sup>y</sup>, s=ləc' =əwiyəʔ, séé'ε=təl, s=k<sup>w</sup>íʔəw, s=yé-təl)//, /'the (grandmother/sister or female cousin of grandparent, great-grandmother or sister/female cousin of great grandparent), daughter, sister, half-sister, elder sister/daughter of parent's elder sister, mother-in-law, widow)', attested by Elders Group.

<the=>, da //èə=//, DEM /'nominalizer (female present and visible or presence or proximity unspecified), demonstrative article', phonology: probably phonologically prefixed because in some cases <the>