

*travel by means of, moving along*), phonology: reduplication, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by EB (4/29/76).

<**ch'alech'á** (~ **ts'alets'á**)>, plv //C<sub>1</sub>ε[=lθ]=c'ê//, TVMO [*'they came on (top of)'*], (<**R8**=> *resultative*), (<=**le**=> *plural*), phonology: reduplication, infixed plural, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by AC, example: <**ch'alech'á te stiquíw**>, //C<sub>1</sub>ε[=lθ]=c'ê tθ s=tiquíw//, *'They came on a horse.'*, attested by AC (8/28/70).

<**xwch'alech'á:ls**>, sas //x<sup>w</sup>=C<sub>1</sub>ε[=lθ]=c'ê=éls//, FOOD [*'put on the stove (water/food)'*], HHG, literally *'(unclear +) many things put on top of in a structured activity'*, possibly <**xw**=> meaning unclear, (<=**á:ls**> *structured activity non-continuative*), phonology: reduplication, infixed plural, vowel merger, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by IHTTC (9/2/77).

<**shxwch'ech'áls**>, dnom //s(=)x<sup>w</sup>=C<sub>1</sub>εC<sub>2</sub>=c'ê=θls//, sas, cts, HHG [*'shelf'*], literally *'something for putting on top of in a structured activity'*, (<**shxw**=> *something for*), (<**R2**=> *continuative*), lx <=**els**> *structured activity continuative nominal/tool*, phonology: reduplication, vowel merger, syntactic analysis: nominal, attested by Elders Group (6/1/77), AD (8/80), example: <**lí te shxwch'ech'áls**>, //lí tθ sx<sup>w</sup>=C<sub>1</sub>εC<sub>2</sub>=c'ê=θls//, *'It's on the shelf.'*, attested by AD.

<**sts'á:ltexw**>, ds //s=c'ê=éltθx<sup>w</sup>//, BLDG *'top of roof, roof planks'*, literally *'something to put/go on top of the building'*, (<**s**=> *nominalizer, something to*), lx <=**áltexw** ~ **áwtexw**> *building, house*, phonology: vowel merger, syntactic analysis: nominal, attested by Elders Group (9/17/75).

<**ts'ech'ó:lwelh**>, ds //C<sub>1</sub>εC<sub>2</sub>=c'ê=á.lwθ+//, HHG [*'(being/put) on the top shelf'*], BLDG, literally *'(being/put) on the top side'*, (<**R2**=> *continuative or resultative*), lx <=**ó:lwelh**> *side*, phonology: reduplication, vowel merger, syntactic analysis: adverb/adverbial verb, attested by EB (12/18/75).

<**ts'ílem**>, mdls //c'ê=íl=θm//, TVMO [*'get on top of something'*], literally *'go/come/get oneself on top'*, (<=**íl**> *go, come, get, become*), (<=**em**> *middle voice*), phonology: vowel merger, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by EB (4/2/76), example: <**ts'ílem te stiquíw**>, //c'ê=íl=θm tθ s=tiquíw//, *'mount a horse'*, attested by EB, <**ts'ílemchxw í te sch'áletstel**>, //c'ê=íl=θm-c-x<sup>w</sup> ʔí tθ s=c'ê=lθc=tθl//, *'You get on top of the chair.'*, attested by EB.

<**ts'ílem**>, cts //c'ê=íl=θ[-´-]m//, TVMO [*'mounting a horse, mounting a person'*], (<-´-> *continuative*), phonology: vowel merger, stress-shift, syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by Elders Group (3/5/80).

<**ch'áletstel** ~ **sch'á(:)letstel** ~ **shxwch'áletstel**>, dnom //c'ê=lθc=tθl ~ s=c'ê(·)=lθc=tθl ~ sx<sup>w</sup>=c'ê=lθc=tθl//, HHG *'chair, bench, seat, something to sit on'*, literally *'device to put the rump on top of ~ something to put the rump on top of device ~ something that put the rump on top of device'*, (<**s**=> *something to, nominalizer*), (<**shx**=> *something for/that, nominalizer*), lx <=**lets**> *rump, bottom*, (semological comment: here the body part is the subject/object and not locative), lx <=**tel**> *device to, thing to*, syntactic analysis: nominal, attested by AC (1023/71, 12/8/71), AD and NP (1/23/80), TG (Elders Group 3/1/72), Elders Group (3/1/72, 1/7/76), EB (4/2/76, 2/11/76), IHTTC (9/15/77), example: <**emét li te sts'áletstel**>, //ʔémét li tθ s=c'ê=lθc=tθl//, *'sit down on the chair'*, attested by AC, <**lí tí te sts'áletstel**>, //lí tí tθ s=c'ê=lθc=tθl//, *'The chair is over there.'*, attested by AC, <**emétlha lam te shxwch'áletstel**>, //ʔémét-+ε lε=m tθ sx<sup>w</sup>=c'ê=lθc=tθl//, *'Go sit in the chair.'*, attested by IHTTC.

<**ch'álechem**>, mdls //c'ê=lθc=θm//, ABFC [*'find a seat, have a seat, sit down'*], SOC, usage: more polite than emét, lx <=**lets** ~ **lech**> *rump, bottom*, (<=**em**> *middle voice*), syntactic analysis: intransitive verb, attested by Elders Group (3/1/72, 2/26/75), Deming (12/15/77), example: <**ch'álechemchap**>, //c'ê=lθc=θm-c-εp//, *'You folks have a seat.'*, attested by Deming.

<**xwch'áletsem**>, mdls //x<sup>w</sup>=c'ê=lθc=θm//, ABFC [*'have a seat'*], SOC, (<**xw**=> meaning unclear